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What is the Use of the Controlled Terminology ?

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Outline

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- The problem
- Internal Tool and Types of Codelists
- Conclusion



The problem

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- The CT = a series of lists of codes (codelists).
 - for each item: an ID, a submission value, a definition, an "NCI preferred term"
 - for each codelist: same + "extensible yes / no" (in this case, the "submission value" is never submitted...)
 - full stop: no information "what is the use of this codelist?"
- The SDTM-IG
 - does contain codelist names for certain variables
 - but it is updated every X years
 - while the CT is updated quarterly
 - moreover, the codelists "pointed to" by the SDTM-IG are a tiny minority of the CT codelists, when it does not point "in the void" (for example because the codelist has been renamed)
 - an example: SCSTRESC has no codelist in the SDTM-IG, while the CT has... 12!



A solution

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- AdClin has developed over time internal tools to help with SDTM mapping
- We present here the current state of our internal CT visualization tool
 - initially just a series of codelists in HTML format
 - now contains the SDTM, the SDTM-IG, and links to the CT, needed to understand how to use the codelists and their "geography"



A simple codelist: ACN

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- not extensible
- presentation "Value+Synonyms / Label / Definition / Id"
- addition: link to the variable that uses it



The TESTCD / TEST system

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- Example: the first 2 codelists of the CT, TENMW1TC and TENMW1TN
- The items are exactly the same (but not in the same order), except "submission value"
- This is because the value in TENMW1TC is for --TESTCD, while the value in TENMW1TN is for --TEST
- We therefore have in fact only one codelist, but each item has two values, the one of --TESTCD and the one of --TEST (the latter different from "NCI Preferred Term" because --TEST is limited to 40 characters)
- In our viewer, all these "pairs" are a single codelist



Paired --ORRES/--STRESC codelists

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- Appeared in CT 2021-06-25
- For the QRS convention (QS, FT, CC): the code is in --STRESC, the decode in --ORRES
 - Example for ECOG: ECOG101OR/ECOG101STR
- Look like TESTCD/TEST, but... how do we pair the items?
 - the Concept Ids are not the same (they are in TESTCD/TEST)
 - in ECOG101OR, “Dead” is the 4th item
 - in ECOG101STR, it is the 6th one
 - nothing found allowing a match by a computer program
 - experimental:
 - sort by concept id (touch wood: they added the items in the same order)
 - human review to confirm the matches
 - if it stays like this, we need a new type of codelist (not yet implemented in our tool)



The subcodelists

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- Example: STENRF
- According to the SDTM-IG tables of variables, it applies to the --STRF, --ENRF, --STRTPT and --ENRTPT variables
- But in fact no: there are three sets of codes belonging to STENRF (3 "subcodelists"):
 - codes for --STRF and --ENRF
 - (position if a start or end date vs. a period of time)
 - codes for --STRTPT
 - (positions of a start date vs. a point in time)
 - codes for --ENRTPT
 - (positions of an end date vs. a point in time)
- End result:
 - STENRF as a whole does not apply to any variable
 - STENRF is "cherry-picked":
 - it has subcodelists who independently do their "shopping" among the available codes
 - so some codes appear in several subcodelists (for example "BEFORE" is found in all sub-codelists)



A very productive codelist: NY

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- 5 known subcodelists
 - Y
 - N
 - Y N
 - Y N U
 - Y N NA (assumption for --OCCUR)
- Information is often in the text of documents
 - --PRESP and --SPCUFL: in the SDTM
 - therefore semantic annotation of the HTML (“data-” attributes)
- Lists in “Applies to”:
 - from CDASH SUPP variables
 - from codetables
 - example: DD.DDSTRESC where DDTESTCD = HMROIND
 - in 2020-12-18/DD_Codetable_Mapping.xlsx



Codetables

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- Available on the CDISC website
- Maintenance frequency unknown
 - but seems lately to follow the quarterly rhythm of the CT
- Sometimes not in line with the CT
 - codes "CNEW"
- Gives relationships between codelists
 - but no information "applies to these variables"
 - DD_Codetable_Mapping.xlsx: NY and AGEU, same variable?
 - are the differences intended?
 - AUTOPIND / DTHCOIND / DTHWIND => NY_YNU
 - HMROIND => NY
- Contains errors
 - visibly maintained manually
 - when the codes do not match the CT, the error is obvious
 - sometimes (above) we don't know if it's a mistake or not



The QRS system

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- Three codelists QSCAT, FTCAT and CCCAT
 - QSCAT for QS, FTCAT for FT, CCCAT for ... RS!
- Hundreds of codelists like TENMW1TC/TENMW1TN
 - 302 in the CT of 2021-09-24
 - apply to xxTESTCD and xxTEST
- The xxCAT synonym allows to "predict" the codelist for xxTESTCD/xxTEST
- In fact a single codelist "QRSCAT" ("aggregated codelist"), with an additional column "domain"
 - the value of "domain" for an item changes with the CT versions
 - recent: ECOG changed from QS to CC = RS
 - problem on the SDTMIG side: the QS / FT / CC distinction is partially arbitrary, it should not be attached to the domain



The "sliced" codelists

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- Compared to "cherry picked":
 - they have sub-codelists
 - but the subcodelists partition the codes, without intersection
- Example: EGSTRESC
 - each value corresponds to a value of EGTESTCD and only one
 - the SDTM mapping to EGSTRESC therefore allows predicting the value of EGTESTCD, which turns out to be just a classification of ECG observations
- Another example: ETHNICC
 - each value of CETHNIC (a SUPPDM of CDASH) predicts the value of DM.ETHNIC
 - except that they forgot "Puerto Rican"



Unit codelists

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- Example: we want to code in LBORRESU "mg/mL"
- LB.LBORRESU > UNIT codelist
- In UNIT: find "mg/ml"
- It is a synonym:
 - you must code "g/L"
 - whose preferred term is... "Kilogram per Cubic Meter"!
 - all this to return to mg/mL in the ADaM PARAM variable...
- Long-known solution: UCUM
 - project: code in UCUM and automatically map to the latest CT fad



Information added in some codelists

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- LBTESTCD
 - numerator and denominator
- TSPARMCD
 - multiple records
 - core (FDA vs. IG)
 - notes (FDA and/or IG)



Complex cases

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- FA
 - the variable FATESTCD has codelists by therapeutic area
 - depending on the value of FATESTCD, the type of FASTRESC varies
 - in particular CVFARS, "sliced" by CVFATSCD
- EG
 - two systems in parallel for the same variables:
 - the variable EGTESTCD follows the codelists EGTESTCD and HETESTCD
 - the variable EGSTRESC follows the codelists EGSTRESC and HESTRESC
- RS: hell
 - RSCAT follows two codelists: ONCRSCAT and CCCAT
 - CCCAT follows the QRS logic, which predicts RSTESTCD codelists
 - but ONCRSCAT has a completely different logic associated with ONCRTSCD and ONCRSR
 - fun fact: according to the codetables, the codelist of RECIST 1.1 non-target responses is not the same when it is associated with iRECIST (not supported by our tool: error message on import)



Conclusion

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- Need to add input information
 - Semantic annotation of the HTML of standards
 - Information missing in the codetables (which variables?)
 - Numerators/denominators in LBTESTCD
 - TSPARMCD information
 - A file “standards.rb”: a DSL ("domain-specific language") which allows you to easily enter knowledge
- This information should be maintained by CDISC and publicly available
- The CDISC should have a computer model like ours to validate its own production:
 - Errors in the SDTM IG
 - Errors in the CT